

# High Court of Australia

## Party Category Information

Under the *High Court of Australia (Fees) Regulations 2022*, different rates apply for filing and hearing fees depending on whether the party liable to pay that fee is:

* a publicly listed company – which pays the highest rate of fees;
* a corporation or a public authority – which pays the next highest rate;
* an individual, a small business, a not-for-profit association, or any other case – which pays the lowest rate.

If a party is made up of different bodies or persons, then the highest rate of fee which can apply is payable.

## Party Category Information Definitions

### Publicly listed company

A company listed on a stock exchange or financial market in any country.

### Corporation

Includes:

* a company;
* a body corporate;
* an unincorporated body that, under the law of the place where the body is formed, may:
	+ sue or be sued; or
	+ hold property in the name of the secretary of the body or an office holder of the body appointed for that purpose;
* a public authority (see “Public authority” below);
* a corporation registered under the Corporations (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander) Act 2006;
* a trade union.

But does not include:

* a corporation sole that is not a public authority;
* a small business (see “Small business” below);
* an unincorporated not-for-profit association (see “Not-for-profit association” below).

### Public authority

Means:

* a body or authority of the Commonwealth or a State or Territory, including:
	+ a Department of the Commonwealth or a State or Territory;
	+ a Department of the Parliament established under the *Parliamentary Service Act 1999*, a Department of the Parliament of a State or a Department of the legislature of a Territory;
	+ any other non-corporate Commonwealth entity within the meaning of the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013*;
* a person representing a body or authority of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory;
* a Minister for the Commonwealth or for a State or Territory;
* a statutory office holder.

### Small business

Means a business with:

* no more than 19 employees; and
* a total turnover of less than $2 million each year.

### Not-for-profit association

Means a society, club, institution, or body that is not formed for the purpose of trading or securing pecuniary profit from its transactions for its members.

### Other

Any party other than a publicly listed company or corporation (including a public authority). It includes a small business and a not-for-profit association. It also includes an individual (i.e. a natural person).